



# University of Idaho Pest Management Center

## Newsletter

### Pest Management News

Newsletter and archives can be found at <http://www.ag.uidaho.edu/ipm/news.htm>  
 Ronda Hirnyck, Pesticide Program Coordinator, University of Idaho – Boise Center; 322 E. Front St, Suite 180; Boise, ID, 83702  
 Phone: (208) 364-4046, Fax: (208) 364-4035, Email: [rhirnyck@uidaho.edu](mailto:rhirnyck@uidaho.edu).  
 Lisa Downey, Pest Management Information Coordinator, University of Idaho; P.O. Box 44-2339; Moscow, ID 83944-2339  
 Phone: (208) 596-6234, Fax: (208) 885-7760, Email: [ldowney@uidaho.edu](mailto:ldowney@uidaho.edu).

## Approved Crisis and Section 18 Labels for Idaho

### Crisis Exemptions

*Please Note: It is a violation of Federal Law to use these products in a manner inconsistent with the updated, EPA stamped label. This label must be in possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.*

Name	Crop	Pest	Notes
Dividend Extreme (difenoconazole + mefanoxam)	Sweet Corn grown for seed (Seed Treatment)	Suppression of post-emergence die-back complex and damping off ( <i>Penicillium oxalicum</i> , <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> and <i>Aspergillus niger</i> )	<b>Valid until March 12, 2007.</b> This chemical is to be used as a seed treatment ONLY. Maximum of one application per year. Treated seed must be dyed to prevent use as a food or feed item and must be labeled, "Seed treated with difenoconazole and mefanoxam. Do not use treated seed for food or feed purposes." All other restrictions on the EPA approved label for Dividend Extreme (difenoconazole + mefanoxam) must be followed.

For more information on Crisis Exemptions, check the ISDA website:

<http://www.agri.state.id.us/Categories/Pesticides/registration/Section18.php>, or contact George Robinson at (208) 332-8593, or [grobinso@agri.state.id.us](mailto:grobinso@agri.state.id.us).

### Section 18 Labels

*Please Note: It is a violation of Federal Law to use these products in a manner inconsistent with the updated, EPA stamped label. This label must be in possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.*

Name	Crop	Pest	Notes
CheckMite+ (coumaphos) EPA File Symbol # 06-ID-04	Honeybee Colonies	Varroa Mites ( <i>Varroa</i> spp.) and Small Hive Beetles ( <i>Athenia tumida</i> )	<b>Valid until February 1, 2007.</b> Chemical-resistant gloves must be used when handling CheckMite+ strips. Treatments must be applied at a time when bees are not producing a surplus honey crop. Not recommended for use in honeybee colonies that are used as cell builders for producing queens. Remove honey supers before application, and do not replace supers until 14 days after the strips are removed. Treatment is most effective when brood rearing is lowest. Do not leave strips in hives for more than 45 days. Do not treat more than twice a year for <i>Varroa</i> mites and no more than four times a year for small hive beetles.

**Section 18 Labels (continued)**

Name	Crop	Pest	Notes
FlameOut (oxytetracycline) EPA File Symbol # 06-ID-02	Apples	Fire Blight	<b>Valid until August 1, 2006.</b> For use only in the following Idaho counties: Canyon, Gem, Payette, Owyhee and Washington. Not to be applied through any type of irrigation (chemigation) system; for use only by ground application using an air-blast sprayer. A maximum of 5 applications can be made per acre per year, with 3 allowed during bloom, and 2 post bloom if other highly susceptible tissues are damaged during the growing season. Do not harvest until at least 60 days after application. Workers should not enter treated area until at least 12 hours after application. Use of predictive models for fire blight is recommended before spraying.
Mycoshield (oxytetracycline) EPA File Symbol # 06-ID-02	Apples	Fire Blight	<b>Valid until August 1, 2006.</b> For use only in the following Idaho counties: Canyon, Gem, Payette, Owyhee and Washington. Not to be applied through any type of irrigation (chemigation) system; for use only by ground application using an air-blast sprayer. A maximum of 5 applications can be made per acre per year, with 3 allowed during bloom, and 2 post bloom if other highly susceptible tissues are damaged during the growing season. Do not harvest until at least 60 days after application. Workers should not enter treated area until at least 12 hours after application. Use of predictive models for fire blight is recommended before spraying.

For more information on Section 18 labels, check the ISDA website:

<http://www.agri.state.id.us/Categories/Pesticides/registration/Section18.php>, or contact George Robinson at (208) 332-8593, or [grobinso@agri.state.id.us](mailto:grobinso@agri.state.id.us).